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Manage PhD research data according to the FAIR principles University of Ljubljana, Slovenia

Dr Ishwar Kapoor, Research Data Officer, The Library 12/05/2022

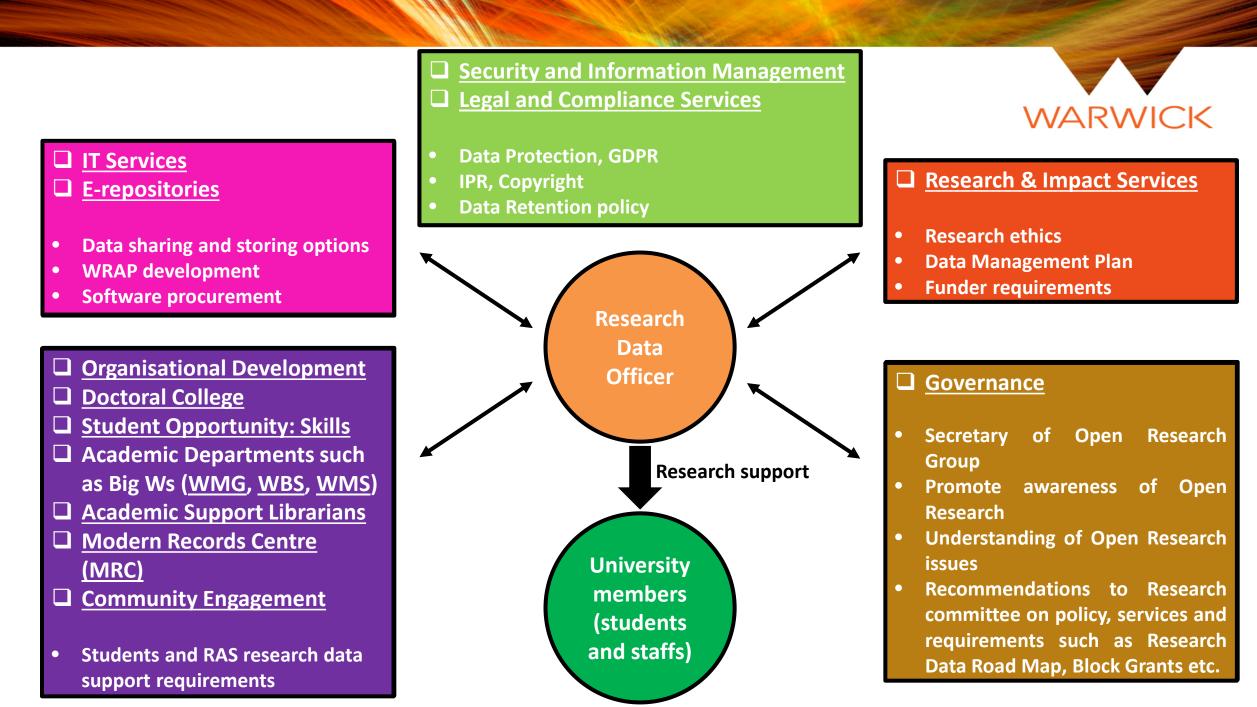
Who am I?



- The University's Research Data Officer at the Library
- Provide support to university members in planning, managing and preserving their research data in the light of the University and funding body policies and to advise on all aspects of open research data (including its reuse)
- Before the above role, PhD and researcher in Engineering at <u>WMG</u> specialised in lightweight automotive



The Library, photo taken in February 2018 @ishwarkapoor



Outline



- The basic introduction to research data, metadata and research records
- What is Research Data Management (RDM)?
- What is Data Management Plan (DMP) and Research Data Lifecycle?
- University of Warwick RDM support to university members

Please make this session as interactive as you wish.

What is produced by Research?

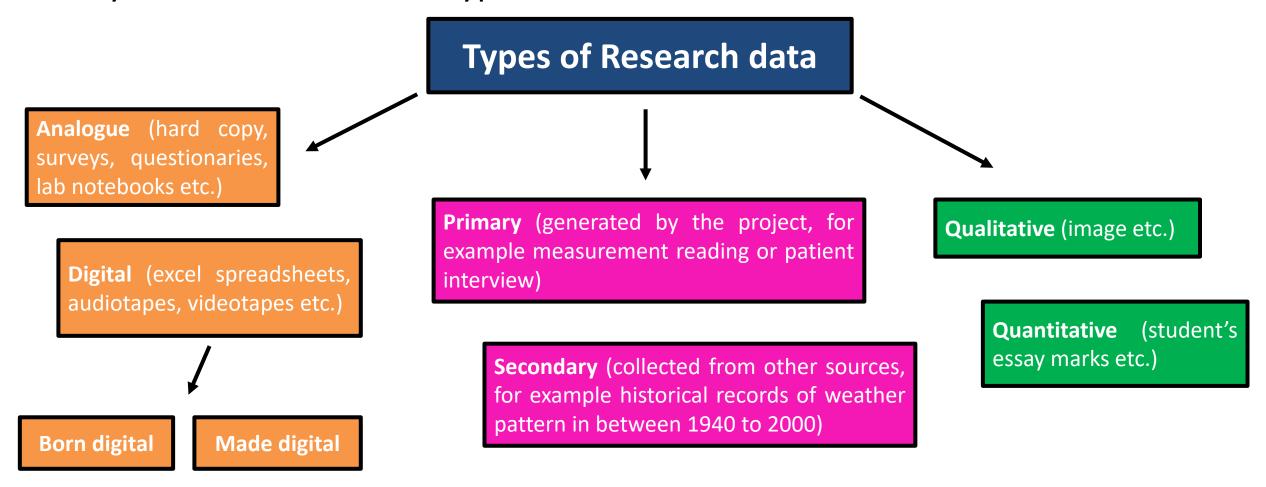


- Research Data
- Metadata
- Research Records
- Data documentation

Research Data?



The smallest building blocks of research, created, observed or collected for analysis to test a research hypothesis



A bit more on types of Research Data...



- Documents (text, Word, PDF), spreadsheets
- Laboratory notebooks, field notebooks, diaries
- Questionnaires, transcripts, codebooks
- Audiotapes, videotapes, photographs, films
- Test responses
- Slides, artefacts, specimens, samples
- Collection of digital objects acquired and generated during the process of research (including digitised archive material)
- Models, algorithms, scripts

Metadata?



- Structure information about the data
- Includes key pieces of information about the data such as:

Title

- □ Persistent URL or Digital Object Identifier (DOI)
- Description of data
- Subject
- □ Creator(s)
- Funder
- □ Language
- Publication date
- Publisher
- Contact email address
- Credits: DataCite Metadata Schema

Research Records?

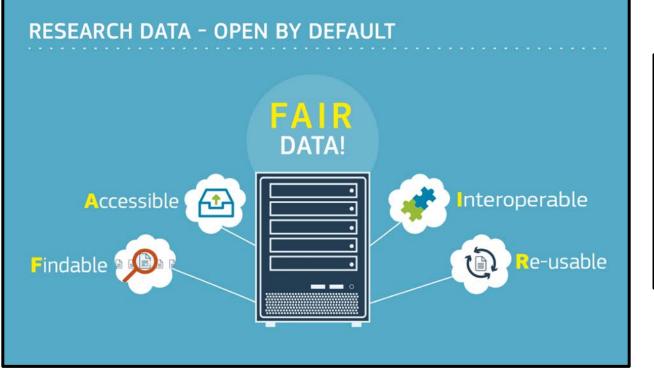


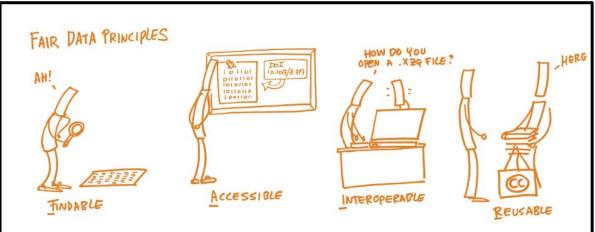
Administrative materials and supporting documentation that are produced before, during, and after a research project. Examples include:

- Correspondence
- Ethics applications
- Technical appendices
- Research reports
- Signed consent forms
- Social media communications (blogs, wikis, tweets, etc.)

FAIR data principles







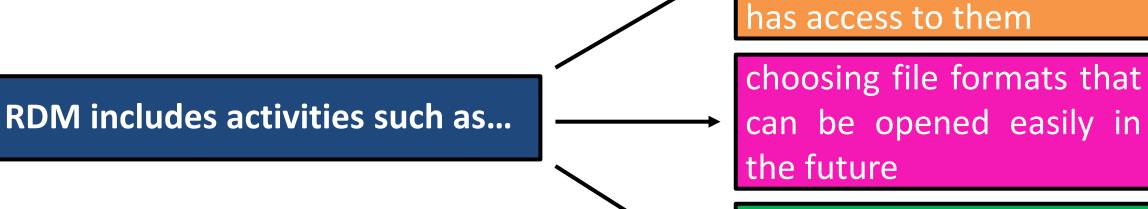


Let's understand Research Data Management (RDM)....

Research Data Management (RDM)?



 Research data management (RDM) means the storage, curation, preservation and provision of continuing access to analogue and digital research data



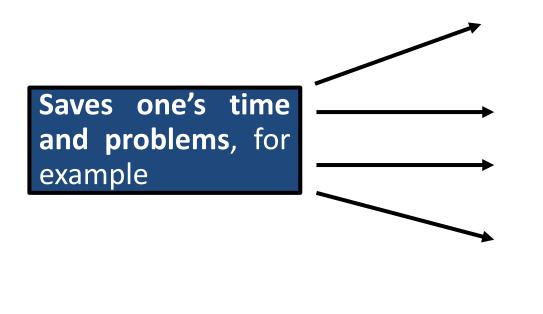
describing methodology and keeping track of versions of files

work and controlling who

Why should I invest time in RDM?



- Data can have a longer lifespan than that of the research project that creates or collects it
- Data can be re-used by other researchers in future for different projects
- Data may also be valuable or sensitive, and so require careful handling



Helping you to work more efficiently and effectively

Saving frustration during the project

Allowing you to see the data more clearly

Validation, <u>Stem Cell</u> Research Fabrication

How much data would you lose if...?



- Your laptop was stolen
- Your lab burnt down
- You lost your USB stick
- Your portable hard drive corrupted
- Your stuff on third party cloud services disappeared

Why should I invest time in RDM?



• To meet the **University's Research Data Management Policy** requirements

• To meet the Funder's Research Data Management Policy requirements



Let's understand Research Data Lifecycle and Data Management Plan....

Research Data Lifecycle

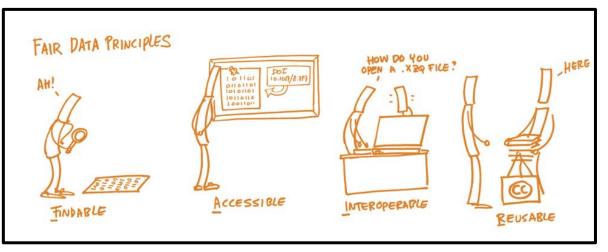
- Where are you?
- What questions need to be thought about at each stage?
- Data creation What data will you produce?
- Data processing and analysis How will you look after your data once it has been created/gathered?
- Data preservation and access Can you/others understand the data?
- Data reuse Who owns the data? Where will the final data be stored?



Data Management Plan (DMP)



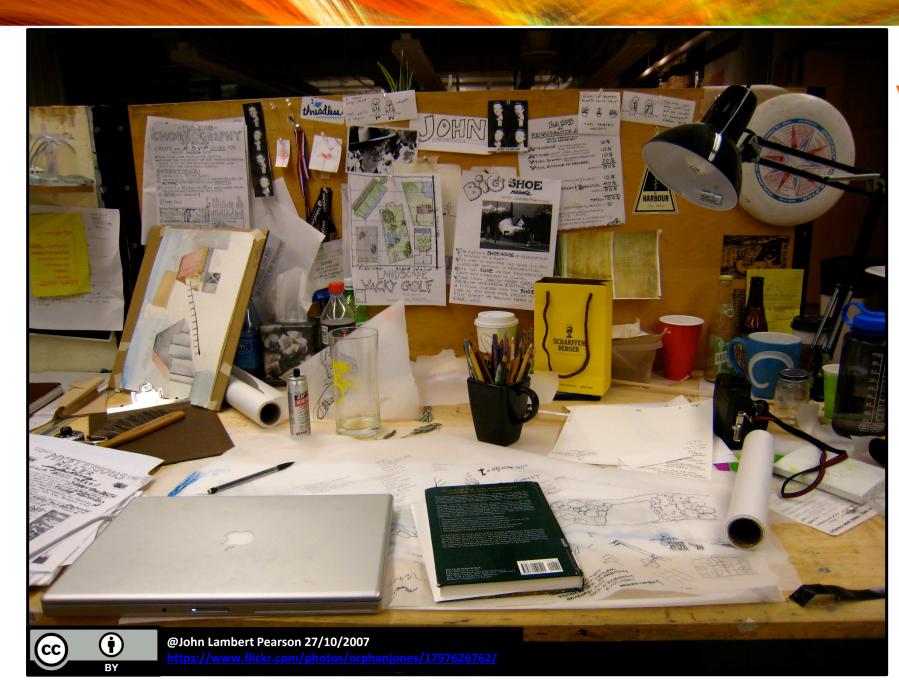
- DMPs are **living document**
- Useful for checking you've considered all aspects of your data management
- Covers each aspect of the lifecycle of your data
- Often required by funders
- Valuable for PGRs



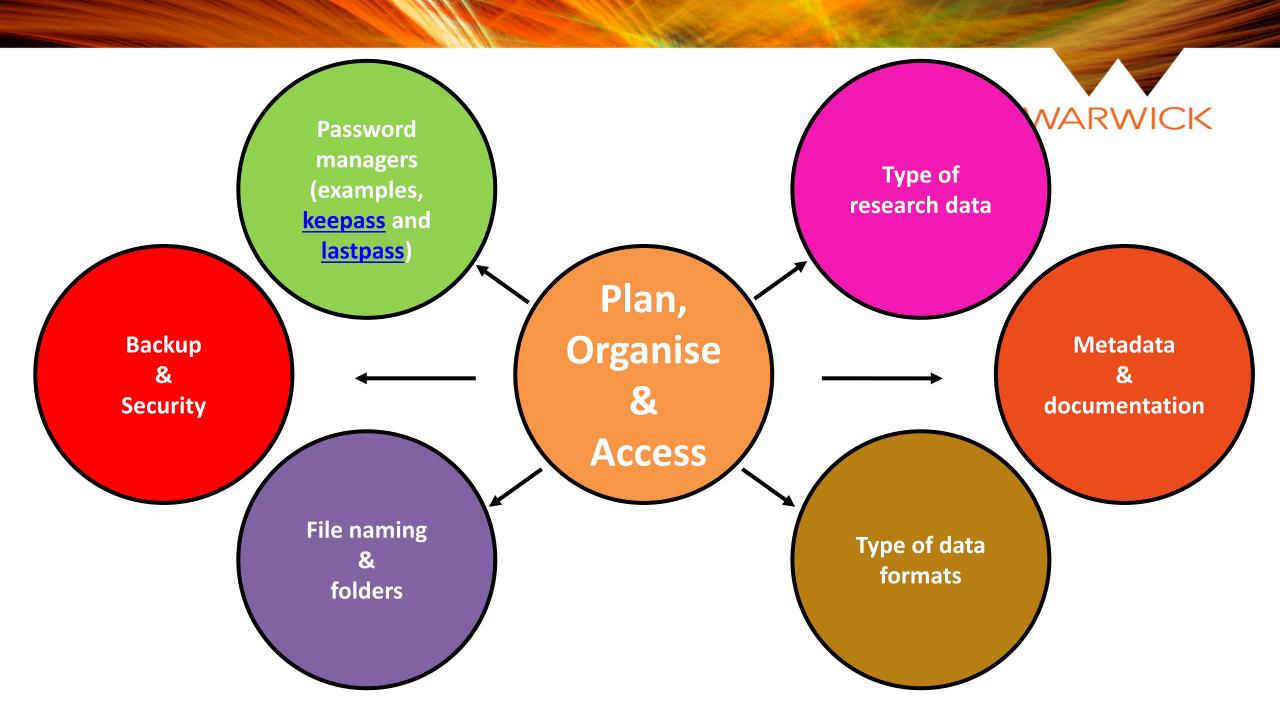
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Let's understand different stages (plan, organise and access) of Research data lifecycle and explore research support available for University members...

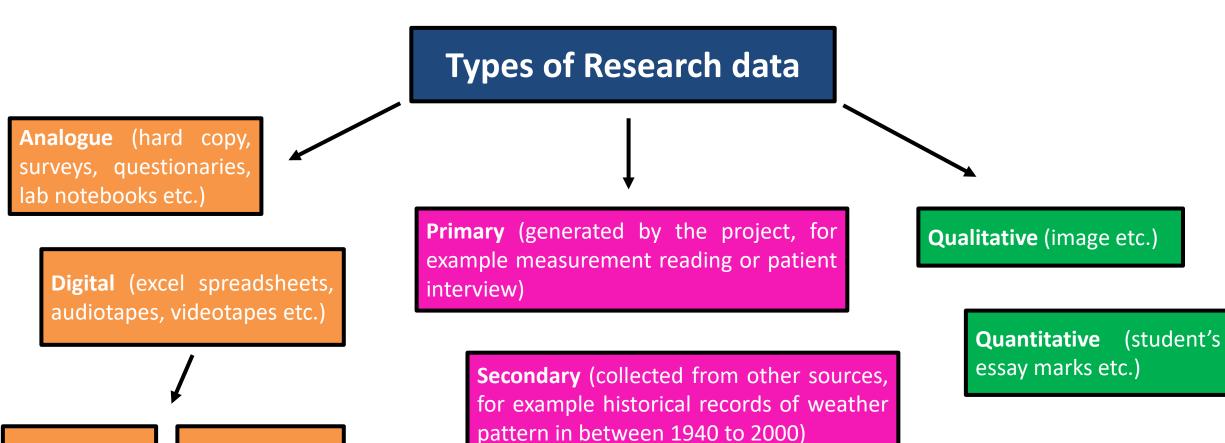






What data will you produce?





Born digital

Made digital

Documentation – describing data!



- More detailed equivalent of 'README' file for data
- Documentation includes following pieces of information:
- Who has collected the data?
- What is the type of data?
- Why the data has been collected?
- Description of the data
- ❑ What methodologies were used to create the data?
- What hardware and software were used to create the data?
- Are there any assumptions made during data collection, processing and analysing?
- Why are there anomalies in the data

File naming and convention



- A good file name should be **objective**, **meaningful**, **concise** and **standardised**
- Including version information if relevant
- **BE CONSISTENT!** Pick a system and stick to it
- Think about the ordering of elements within a filename (e.g., starting YYY-MM-DD dates allow chronological sorting)
- Advice on <u>Warwick records management</u>

File naming strategies - examples



Order by date:

2022-04-12_meeting-recording_PHY.mp3
2022-04-12_interview-transcript_PHY.docx
2021-12-15_meeting-recording_CHEM.mp3
2021-12-15_meeting-transcript_CHEM.docx

Order by subject:

CHEM_meeting-recording_2021-12-15.mp3
CHEM_meeting-transcript_2021-12-15.docx
PHY_meeting-recording_2022-04-12.mp3
PHY_meeting-transcript_2022-04-12.docx

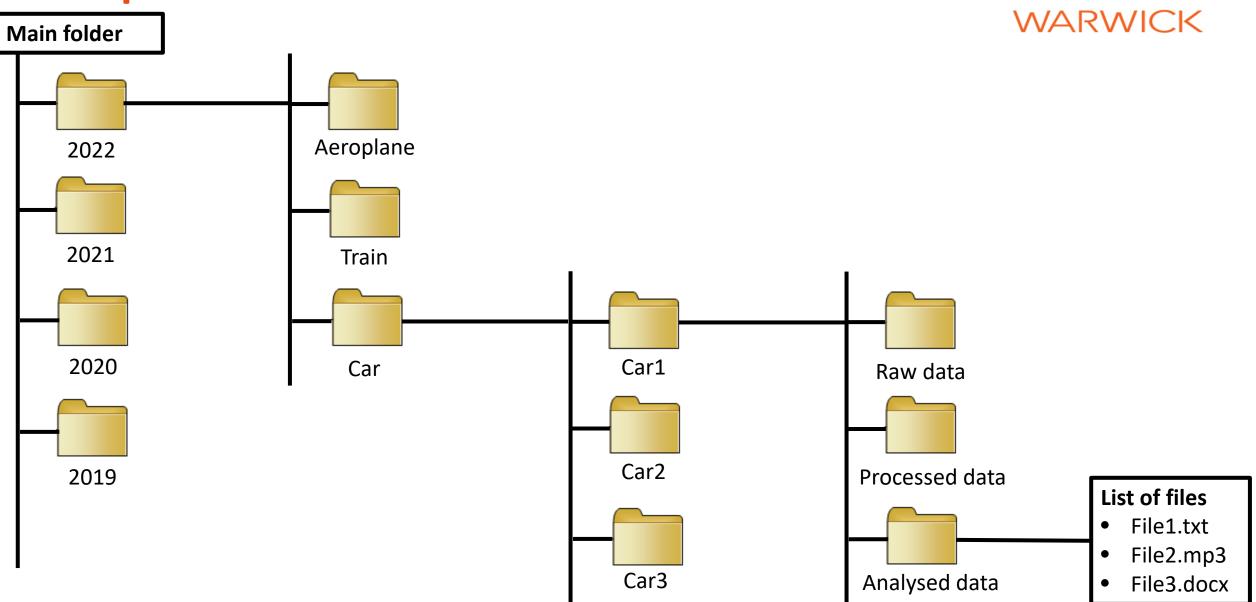
Order by type:

Meeting-recording_CHEM_2021-12-15.mp3 Meeting-recording_PHY_2022-04-12.mp3 Meeting-transcript_CHEM_2021-12-15.docx Meeting-transcript_PHY_2022-04-12.docx

Forced order with numbering:

01_PHY_meeting-recording_2022-04-12.mp3
02_PHY_meeting-transcript_2022-04-12.docx
03_CHEM_meeting-recording_2021-12-15.mp3
04_CHEM_meeting-transcript_2021-12-15.docx

Example folder structure



Data storage and security



- Apply <u>data classification</u> and handling rules.
- What are the risks to data security (e.g., fire, theft, hardware failure)
- If collecting data offsite, how will you safely transfer it onto the University network storage?

Data Classification

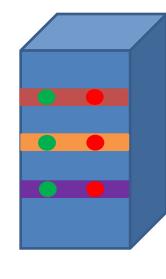


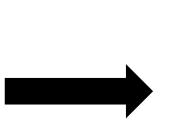


IG05: Information Classification Policy

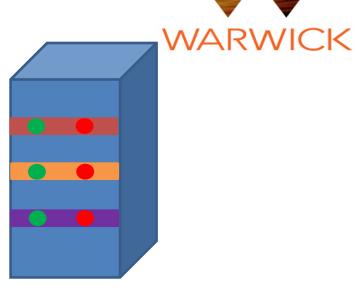
File Transfers & Backup: Example scenario

3. Copy to network via University sharing platform as soon as possible after new data collected





4. Automated regular backups



Encrypted hard disk drive

1. Research data files on encrypted hard disk of University laptop



Manual backup via Windows
 File History. Daily while
 collecting raw data

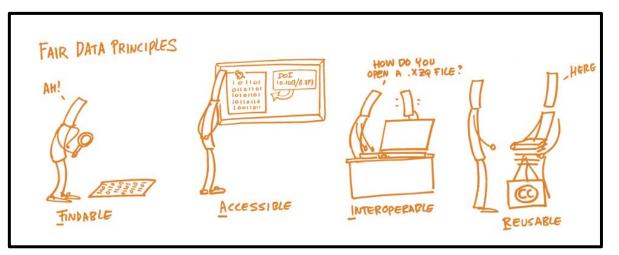


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Let's understand last two stages (share and preserve) of Research data lifecycle and explore research support available for University members...



Sharing data after a project completes can...



- encourage further research branching from the original project
- can lead to new collaborations
- encourages the transparency and the improvement of research practice
- can reduce the cost of further data collection
- can increase your profile as a research output in its own right



Sharing research data creates secondary data for re-use

- Sources of research data include
 - <u>Re3data.org</u> great for finding obscure research data
 - <u>https://data.gov.uk/</u>
 - General purpose repositories
 - Figshare, Zenodo, GitHub
 - UK Data Service
 - Specialist repositories
 - http://datacompass.lshtm.ac.uk/
 - Institutional repositories
 - <u>Warwick Research Archive Portal</u>



• To meet the University's Research Data Management Policy requirements

• To meet the Funder's Research Data Management Policy requirements

When not to share...



- data could be of financial value or is the basis for potentially valuable patents that could be exploited by the University
- data contain **sensitive**, **personal information about human subjects** that could violate Data Protection Act, ethics codes, or your own written consent forms to share it, even with other researchers
- Anonymising the data either during or after a project can allow researchers to share and more easily store in the long term

Any questions?



Dr Ishwar Kapoor

- **Research Data Officer**
- **The Library**
- The University of Warwick, UK
- ishwar.kapoor@warwick.ac.uk

http://warwick.ac.uk/lib-researchers/research-data/

Acknowledgments



MANTRA Research Data Management Training

https://mantra.ed.ac.uk

- Data Management Rollout at Oxford (DaMaRO) Project <u>http://damaro.oucs.ox.ac.uk/index.xml</u>
- Managing your research data

https://warwick.ac.uk/services/library/staff/research-data/

THE LIBRARY