Table S2. Prevalence ADHD Diagnoses for VP/VLBW and Term-Born Males and Females

	VP/VLBW N (%)			term-born N (%)		
	male	female	total	male	female	total
ADHD 6y	40 (29.0%)	17 (13.9%)	57 (21.9%)	11 (10.3%)	7 (5.7%)	18 (7.9%)
ADHD 8y	33 (23.9%)	24 (19.7%)	57 (21.9%)	16 (15.0%)	13 (10.7%)	29 (12.7%)
ADHD 26y	14 (11.9%)	8 (7.5%)	22 (9.8%)	4 (4.3%)	2 (1.8%)	6 (2.9%)
ADHD-IA 6y	12 (8.7%)	5 (4.1%)	17 (6.5%)	1 (0.9%)	2 (1.6%)	3 (1.3%)
ADHD-IA 8y	13 (9.4%)	16 (13.1%)	29 (11.2%)	8 (7.5%)	5 (4.1%)	13 (5.7%)
ADHD-IA 26y	6 (5.1%)	5 (4.7%)	11 (4.9%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)
ADHD-HI 6y	12 (8.7%)	7 (5.7%)	19 (7.3%)	6 (5.6%)	3 (2.5%)	9 (3.9%)
ADHD-HI 8y	7 (5.1%)	4 (3.3%)	11 (4.2%)	2 (1.9%)	3 (2.5%)	5 (2.2%)
ADHD-HI 26y	1 (0.8%)	1 (0.9%)	2 (0.9%)	4 (4.3%)	1 (0.9%)	5 (2.4%)
ADHD-C 6y	16 (11.6%)	5 (4.1%)	21 (8.1%)	4 (3.7%)	2 (1.6%)	6 (2.6%)
ADHD-C 8y	13 (9.4%)	4 (3.3%)	17 (6.5%)	6 (5.6%)	5 (4.1%)	11 (4.8%)
ADHD-C 26y	7 (5.9%)	2 (1.9%)	9 (4.0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	1 (0.5%)

Note. ADHD = attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder; ADHD-IA = subcategory predominantly inattentive; ADHD-HI = subcategory predominantly hyperactive/impulsive; ADHD-C = subcategory ADHD combined type; y = years.